# What a Difference A Morpheme Can Make!!! Words with Spelling Connections Have Meaning Connections <br> Nancy Cushen White, Ed.D. 



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English Orthography——David Crystal-2012
Ultimate Test of the Validity of a Spelling Principle:
"We use it to predict the spelling of words as yet unborn."
"The underlying system is robust and regular, but struggles to be visible through the layers of orthographic practice introduced over the centuries by writers with different linguistic, cultural, and political backgrounds."
"... the best way of defeating an enemy is to get to understand him."

* Spelling is a linguistic problem that must be solved using linguistic tools.

2

```
            Orthography
    Etymology & Morphology & Phonology
    Etymology >> interrelationships of words with their own origins and with other words that share those origins-through history
\ Morphology }=>\mathrm{ sequence and structure of
    mecmincful unit:-in English fodery
    Phonology }=>\mathrm{ units of speech that create meaning
    only when combined
```

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Roots-Base Elements-Stems

EXAMPLES OF ROOTS
> The root of UGLY is the Old Norse <uggligr> which means "to be feared."
$>$ The root of GREGARIOUS is the Latin <gregem> which means "flock."


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## ROOTS-Base Elements-Stems

Toponym $\Rightarrow$ a word derived from the name of a place

| $\odot<$ cologne $>\rightarrow$ perfume-originated from Cologne, Germany |
| :---: |
| $\odot<$ fez $>\rightarrow$ cylindrical red headgear with a tasselnamed after the Moroccan city of Fez |
| $\bigcirc<$ meander $>\rightarrow$ bend in a river-named after Meander, a river in Turkey |
| $\bigcirc$ <rubicon>>> point of no return-named for Rubicon (or Rubico), a small former river in northern Italy |
| $\bigcirc$ <Siberia> $\rightarrow$ remote undesirable location-named for Siberia, in eastern Russia |

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## <-eme>

minimal distinctive unit of a linguistic concept

- Phoneme $\rightarrow$ smallest unit of speech sound contrast $\qquad$
that creates words with different meanings
$/ \mathrm{mat} /-/ \mathrm{pat} /: / \mathrm{m} /-/ \mathrm{p} / \quad /$ chick/—/cheek/:/i/-/ē/ /tooth—/tune/:/th/-/n/
- Grapheme $\rightarrow$ letter or letters that spell a single
phoneme <ck> spells /k/ <ai> spells / a /
<dge> spells /j/ <igh> spells /T/ $\qquad$
- Morpheme $\rightarrow$ minimal unit of meaning that cannot be further divided $\rightarrow$ prefixes base elements suffixes $\qquad$
 $\qquad$
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## ENGLISH Is a MORPHOPHONEMIC Language

- English is a morphophonemic language $\Rightarrow$ the pronunciation of polysyllabic words is primarily determined by placement of stress.
- Morphophonemics $\rightarrow$ interaction between morphological and phonological processes (Venezky, 1999).
- As the number of syllables changes, the stress shifts-and the pronunciation of individual morphemes (and syllables) will change-but the spelling does not change.
- The study of spelling-with a focus on the morphophonemic nature of English-connects even unfamiliar words with a common base to their meanings.
finish finite infinite definite infinitesimal final confine infinitive ALL WORDS WITH SAME BASE <fine>end
" "Never know the pronunciation of a base until it lands in a word."
""Words with spelling connections have meaning connections."

| Morphophonemics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| *invent | invention |
| *electric | electrician |
| *inspiration | inspire |
| *definite | define finite |
| specific | species special |
| grammar | grammarian |
| politics | political |
| mathematician | mathemafics |
| rhetoric | rhetorical |
|  |  |

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| Morphology |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Morpheme->smallest unit of meaning $>$ Linguistic Entity $\boldsymbol{\text { }}$ whole word $\boldsymbol{\text { P }}$ part of a word $>$ single phoneme |  |
| * accept | except |
| elicit | illicit |
| affect | effect |
|  |  |
| specific | pacific |
| conscious | conscience |
| *dentist | swiftest |
| hostess | famous |
|  |  |

$\qquad$
Morpheme-3smallest unit of meaning >Linguistic Entity $\boldsymbol{\text { whole }}$ word $\boldsymbol{\text { porrt }}$ of a word $\geqslant$ single phoneme

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| Another BIG Idea |
| :--- |
| * Words with spelling connections also have |
| meaning connections. |
| \& We don't know the pronunciation of a base until |
| it surfaces in a word. |
| * The meanings of specific words need to be taught |
| in ways that support students in understanding |
| how words are connected semantically and |
| morphologically (Graves, Juel, \& Graves, 2004). |

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| Connected Text |
| :--- |
| Unstressed Function Words |

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| Content [Lexical] Words |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ Denotation-specific meanings/definitions-and multiple synonyms |  |
| $\square$ Can be defined in isolation |  |
| $\square$ Principal concern of dictionaries |  |
| $\square$ Usually stressed [accented] |  |
| Content-Lexical Words |  |
| - nouns |  |
| - verbs |  |
| - adjectives |  |
| - adverbs | 23 |

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## Affixes $\rightarrow$ Prefixes and Suffixes

$\qquad$
$\square$ Affixes $\rightarrow$ bound morphemes that generate derivations and inflections of a base element
$\qquad$
$-\underline{\text { Prefixes }}$
$\triangleleft$ Prefixes precede base elements within words.
$\checkmark$ A single base element may have multiple prefixes. $\qquad$

- Suffixes
$\checkmark$ Suffixes follow base elements within words. $\qquad$
$\diamond$ A single base element may have multiple suffixes. Although there are only about 50 suffixes used $\qquad$ in everyday English, suffixes appear in $50 \%$ of English words (David Crysfal, 2012).
$\qquad$
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| Base Elements |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Free Bases-Bound Bases |
| Twin (Alternant) Bases |

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| The meaning of the word is the sum of its parts. <br> How many words can you think of that share these Latin base elements? |
| :--- |
| mobe-mote-move same etymological family |
| text |
| fide |
| *crede |
| *duce-duct twin bases—alternant spellings-same base |
| fertwin base? |
| sponse-spond twin bases-alternant spellings-same base |

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| The meaning of the word is the sum of its parts. How many words can you think of that share these Latin base elements? |
| :---: |
|  |
| textweave $\rightarrow$ textile $\rightarrow$ context $\rightarrow$ texture $\rightarrow$ textual fide ${ }^{\text {trust }} \rightarrow$ confident $\rightarrow$ diffident $\rightarrow$ fidelity $\rightarrow$ fiduciary crede ${ }^{\text {believe }} \rightarrow$ accredit $\rightarrow$ incredible $\rightarrow$ credential fertring-ber $\rightarrow$ reference $\rightarrow$ referral $\rightarrow$ prefer $\rightarrow$ different |
| duce-duct ${ }^{\text {twin }}$ bases $\rightarrow$ introduce $\rightarrow$ introduction sponse-spond ${ }^{\text {twin bases }} \rightarrow$ respond $\rightarrow$ responsive |

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## Two Types of Suffixes: Inflectional and Derivational

Inflections and derivational morphemes are two kinds of morpheme units that operate differently in word $\qquad$ formation.
> INFLECTIONAL SUFFIXES do not change the part of $\qquad$ speech of the word to which they are added. The word continues to be a noun, verb, or adjective- $\qquad$ even with the inflection.

- DERIVATIONAL SUFFIXES usually, but not always, change the part of speech of the word to which they are added.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


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| How We Remember Words |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Related words are activated in memory when they have meaningful connections and share structural elements at the morpheme level, especially when spelling reveals those connections (Nagy et al, 1989)—even when pronunciation does not: <br> <fine> = to end; limit; set a boundary <br> define $\Rightarrow$ finish $\Rightarrow$ finite $\Rightarrow$ infinite $\Rightarrow$ definite $\Rightarrow$ infinity $\Rightarrow$ <br> final $\Rightarrow$ finalize $\Rightarrow$ finality $\Rightarrow$ indefinable $\Rightarrow$ infinitesimal $\Rightarrow$ confine $\Rightarrow$ confinement $\Rightarrow$ infinitive <br> $\bullet$ Awareness of morphemes aids understanding and recall of differences among homophones: |  |  |

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| How We Remember Words |
| :--- |
| © We know from cognitive experimental research |
| that people with morphological awareness |
| organize their mental dictionaries so that related |
| words are associated and more readily retrieved |
| (Schreuder \& Baayen, 1995). |
| © ... the mind is always seeking pattern recognition |
| to reduce the load on memory and facilitate |
| retrieval of linguistic information: |
| auditory $\Rightarrow$ auditorium $\Rightarrow$ audit $\Rightarrow$ audition $\Rightarrow$ audience |
| <aud> |
| inscribe $\Rightarrow$ subscription $\Rightarrow$ scribe $\Rightarrow$ describe $\Rightarrow$ script $\Rightarrow$ ascribable |
| <scribe> $>$ <script> |

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|  | More Morphophonemics Pronunciation Changes |
| :---: | :---: |
| \ English is a morphophonemic language. |  |
| $\triangleleft$ Morphophonemics $\Rightarrow$ interaction between morphological and phonological processes (Venezky, 1999). |  |
| * Pronunciation of polysyllabic words $\Rightarrow$ determined by placement of stress. |  |
| Pronunciation (phonological) changes in morphemes occur when morphemes combine to form different words |  |
| +As \# of syllables changes, stress shifts-and pronunciation of individual morphemes will change. |  |
| + Words with spelling connections have meaning connections. |  |
|  | +The study of spelling-with a focus on the morphophonemic nature of English-connects even unfamiliar words with a common base to their meanings. |

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| Triple Word Form Theory |
| :--- |
| Phonology -Orthography-Morphology |
| (Berninger ef al., 2003) |

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| Old Engish Layer |
| :---: |
| - Compounds are characterized more by their stress pattern than by their spellings. <br> - Stress, or accent, almost always occurs on the first word of the compound. <br> - The compound has a meaning that isn't *coextensive [does not correspond exactly] with the sum of the meanings of its components: <greenhouse> <br> - Spelling may include a hyphen or a space. |
| earthquake cupcake two-way credit card |
| Classes of Compound Words: |
| >Closed $\quad \rightarrow \quad$ shakedown baseball bookkeeper |
| >Hyphenated $\rightarrow$ open-ended |
| $\underset{\text { - }{ }_{\text {Opeextensive: extending }} \rightarrow \text { over the same }}{\text { nervous breakdown }}$ |

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| Old English Layer <br>  <br>  <br> COMPOUNDS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLOSED | HYPHENATED | OPEN |
| oatmeal | open-ended | apple pie |
| *applesauce | day-to-day | green beans |
| brainwash | *two-way | under water |
| bookkeeper | under-the-table | *honor roll |
| cornbread | twentieth-century | business suit |
| 413 earthquake | old-fashioned | credit card |

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| Saga of the Scribal-o |
| :--- |
| - Therefore, the wise scribes changed the vowel |
| grapheme <u> to o when <u> appeared adjacent to |
| one of the letters listed. |
| - The scribes could not, however, alter the |
| pronunciation of the words that were affected by |
| the spelling change they made. |
| - Therefore, the grapheme o in words like, brother, |
| love, some, and wonder, is pronounced /ŭ/. |
| -What about month and Monday? |
| 44 |

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| Think of a word that ends in v... |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - have | - believe |
|  | - starve | - move |
|  | - love | - arrive |
|  | - strive | - heave |
|  | - nerve | - relative |
|  | - give | - motive |
|  | - twelve | - beehive |
|  | - grieve | - authoritative |
| 45 | - live | - attractive |

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| Etymological Marker？ <br> Venezky 1999 |
| :---: |
| ©The 〈w〉 in 〈two〉 is not there as a grapheme representing a phoneme．It is there to inform readers that 〈łwo〉 is the spelling for the number． |
| © ．．．so there is sense to the 〈0〉 in 〈people〉 when we consider words like＜popular＞and＜population＞ －from the same etymological family． |
| ©．．．and what about the 〈｜＞in 〈yolk＞？Could it be from the same etymological family as 〈yellow＞？ |
| ©．．．and what about＜peace＞and＜pacify＞？（49） |

## Why does＜ey＞spell／a／in＜they＞？

they
them
their［ $y$ changed to $i$ inside a word］
$\qquad$
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| ...so what about the <\|> in <could>? |
| :--- |
| - Words that sound similar tend to be spelled the same. This |
| process of enallogy affected many new words as they |
| arrived in English-and some older spellings were changed |
| to conform. (p. 121, Crystal, 2012). |
| - Throughout the history of English spelling, even in tiny |
| groups of words (e.g., auxiliary verbs would-should-could), |
| analogy has had influence. |
| +Though they all look the same now, there was no <l> in |
| <could> originally. |
| +The other two verbs both had an <l>: wolde-sholde. |
| +When <wolde> and <sholde> became <would> and <should> |
| in late Middle English, scribes decided there should also be |
| an <l> in <could>. |

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| Is the spelling of <does> unpredictable? |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *do does doing done |  |  |  |
| *go | goes | going | gone |
| The spelling of <does> is predictable, <br> but the pronunciation is not. |  |  |  |
| *lexical words with only two letters |  |  |  |

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| Latin Layer |
| :--- |
| Derivational $\Rightarrow$ Word-Building |
| **Words derived from Latin roots/base elements |
| are most common in content area textbooks. |
| Analysis of the number of distinct words in |
| printed school English showed that students |
| encountered over 88,000 "distinct" words in |
| texts through ninth grade (Nagy and Anderson, |
| 1984). |
| About half the words in printed texts through <br> ninth grade occur once in a billion words of text <br> orless (e.a. inflate. extinguish. nettle). |

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| Romance Layer |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| How many words can you think of that share these <br> Latin base elements: <secute-seque> [to follow]? <br> <secute> | <seque> |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
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| Romance Layer |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| How many words can you think of that share these <br> Latin base elements: <secute-seque> [to follow] ? |  |
| <secute> | <seque> |
| prosecutor | sequence |
| consecutively | consequential |
| persecute | sequential |
| prosecution | sequester |
| persecution | subsequent |

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| Romance Layer |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| How many words can you think of that share <br> these Latin base elements: <br> <grade-gress> [to step]? |  |
| <grade> | <gress> |
| gradient | progress |
| graduate | digress |
| degrade | aggressive |
| gradual | regress |
| 60 biodegradable | congressional |

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| Romance Layer |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| How many words can you think of that share <br> these Latin base elements: <pel-pulse> [to push] ? |  |
| <pel> | <pulse> |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

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| Romance Layer |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| How many words can you think of that share <br> these Latin base elements: <br> <pel-pulse> [to push] ? |  |
| <pel> | <pulse> |
| compel | repulsion |
| repellent | compulsive |
| propeller | pulsate |
| expelled | impulse |
| 62 | dispel |

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| Romance Layer |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| How many words can you think of that share these <br> Latin base elements: <pense-pend> [to hang]? |  |
| <pense> <(s)pense> | <(s)pend> <pend> |
| pensive | pendant |
| suspense | appendage |
| propensity | suspenders |
| pension | dependent |
| dispense | pendulum |

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| Greek Layer |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Scientific and mathematical terms incorporated <br> into English in the past 500 years have most often <br> been constructed from Greek morphemes. |  |
| \& Many Greek-derived morphemes combine with |  |
| other bound morphemes of equal importance in |  |
| flexible order: |  |

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## Effects of Morphological Awareness

- Phonological awareness facilitates morphological awareness in younger children (Carlisle \& Nomanbhoy, 1993), and both are associated with stronger reading skills.
- Problems that poor readers have with applying morphological rules to unfamiliar base words are attributable in large part to more basic weaknesses in phonological processing (Carlisle, 1987, 1988; Fowler \& Liberman, 1995).
- Because morphemes are units of both sound and meaning, deficits in phonological processing contribute to confusion of similar-sounding words and word parts, failure to recognize similarities of structure, and failure to either store or retrieve word form with precision.

|  |
| :--- |
| Effects of Morphological Awareness |
| - Phonological awareness facilitates morphological awareness in |
| younger children (Carlisle \& Nomanbhoy, 1993), and both are |
| associated with stronger reading skills. |

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## Effects of Morphological Awareness

-Differences between good and poor spellers are associated with significant differences in sensitivity to word structure at the morphological level.
-Children with specific written language and spelling disorders have been shown to misuse, substitute, or omit inflected endings more than typical children (Bailet, 1990 Moats, 1996 )
-Insensitivity to morphological aspects of word structure also characterizes adults who spell poorly.
(Fischer, Shankweiler, \& Liberman, 1985; Liberman, Rubin, Duques, \& Carlisle, 1985; Shankweiler et al., 1996; Berninger, Abbott, Nagy, \& Carlisle, 2010: Kirbv et al. 2012: Goodwin \&Ahn, 2013)74

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English Orthography-Joanne Carlisle-2003
"As the reader proceeds through the grades, the reading material becomes less contrived and words become increasingly morphologically complex.

Hence, the ability to recognize morphemes and derive meaning from polysyllabic words will become increasingly invaluable as readers progress through the grades.
$\qquad$
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## What a Difference A Morpheme Can Make!!!

 Words with Spelling Connections Have Meaning Connections Nancy Cushen White, Ed.D.| Neural Circuits Important for Skilled Reading |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Complexity of Reading Circuits <br> Birsh \& Carreker-Chapter 2-page 61 (2018) Black, J.M., Xia, Z., \& Hoeft, F. (2017) |  |
|  <br> Domain Specific + General Network | PHONOLOGICAL ORTHOGRAPHIC SEMANTIC ARTICULATORY ks |

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## A Parting Thought to Ponder...

*Reading and spelling are different sides of the
same coin.

* The reading network includes connections
between functional areas specific to phonological,
orthographic, and morphological information.
\& ... so instruction that INTEGRATES the teaching
of reading, spelling, handwriting, and written expression-through one comprehensive approach-is likely to be more effective than feaching each of these aspects of written language separately (Wolf, Abbott, \& Berninger, 2017).

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$\qquad$
$\qquad$


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|  |
|  |

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| Why are these words spelled this way? |
| :---: |
| commitment |
| committee |
| referral |
| reference |
| illegal |
| accommodate |
| efficacious |
| effective |

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| Layers of English |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Categorize these words. |  |  |
| Old English | Latin | Greek |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

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