



Wavefront Guided Extended Depth of Focus Scleral Lenses in a Presbyopic Patient

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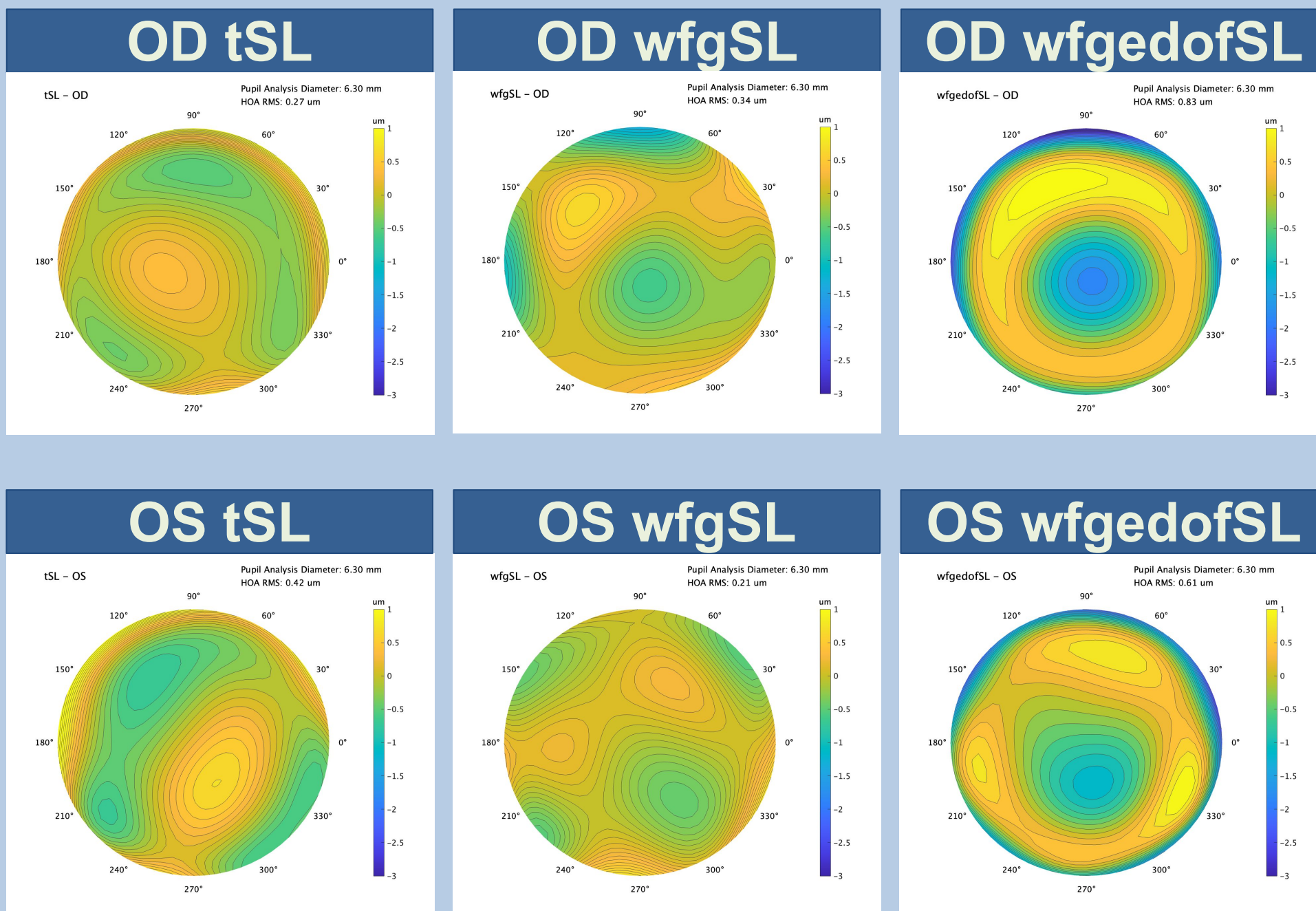
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Introduction

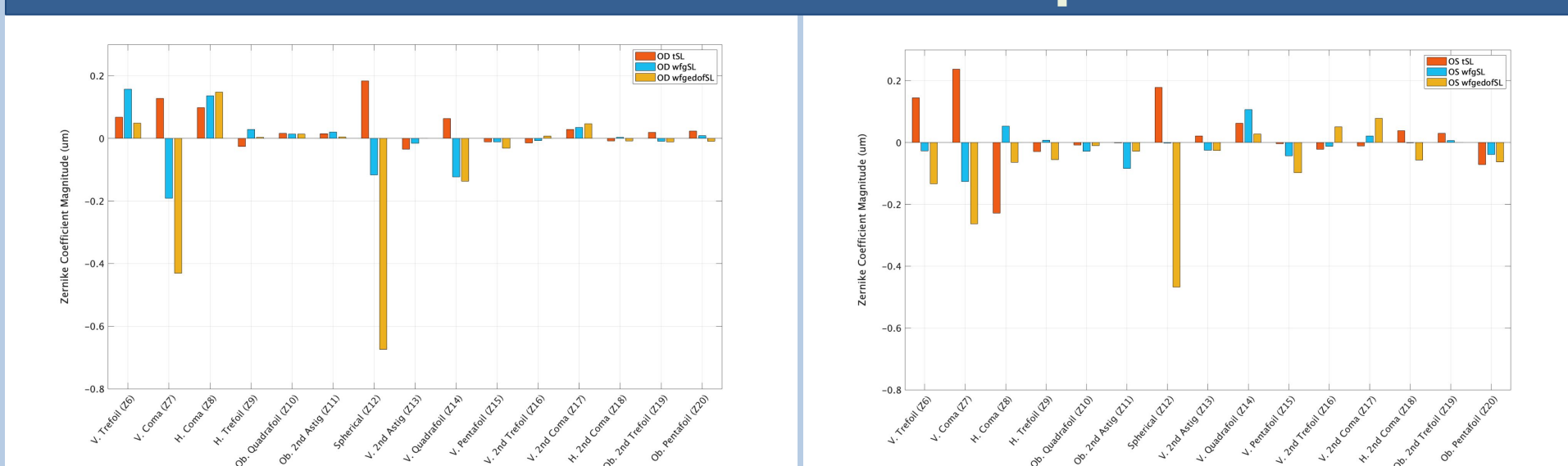
- Wavefront-guided scleral lenses (wfgSLs) can lead to improvements in visual acuity and reduce residual higher-order aberrations (HOAs).¹
- Spherical aberrations have been shown to increase depth of focus in presbyopic patients.²
- This case reports on the use of wavefront-guided (wfg) extended depth of focus (EDOF) optics on a scleral lens (SL) for visual improvement in a presbyopic patient with compound myopic astigmatism (CMA).

Case Description

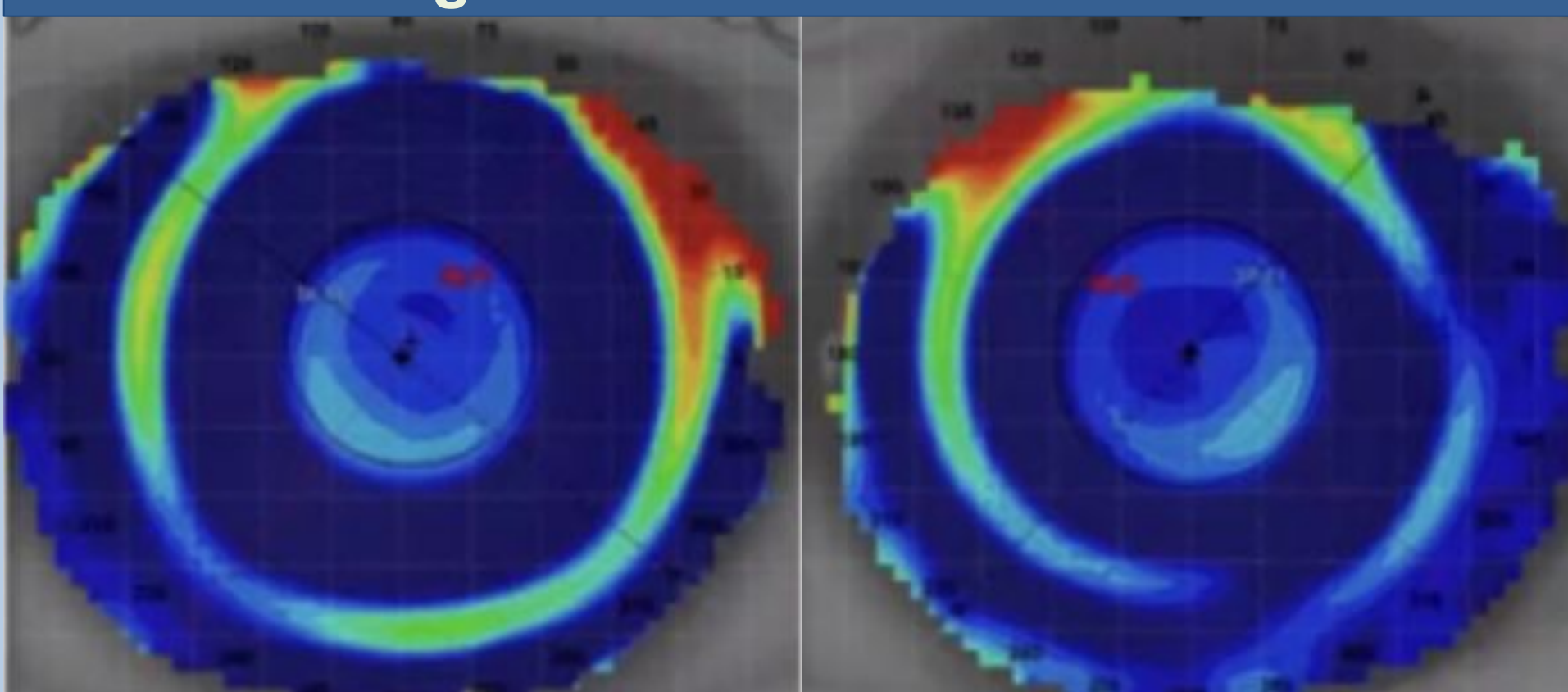
- A 54-year-old male with CMA and presbyopia reported blurry near vision with his habitual SL (hSL). He had previously worn RGPs and soft multifocals, and had been using hSL for 5 years.
- He was re-fit with a traditional optics SL (tSL) for distance correction (EyeFitPro, EyePrint Prosthetics, Lakewood, CO).
- A wfgSL was created using a comprehensive system (Ovitz, xWave, Rochester NY) that included a dot matrix on the SL and a wavefront aberrometer with iris and dot registration with direct data transfer.
- Once finalized, a novel wfgedofSL was manufactured.
- Distance visual acuity (DCLVA), near visual acuity (NCLVA), and total higher-order root mean square (HORMS) with pupil diameter matching were measured with each lens.
- Data was collected after 2 weeks of lens wear and a minimum of 3 hours wear prior to examination.



Zernike Coefficient Comparison



WfgSL Centration OD & OS



Results

- DCLVA with tSL was 20/20 OD and OS and NCLVA was 20/30 OD and 20/40 OS.
- HORMS with tSL of 0.27 μm OD and 0.42 μm OS (at 6.3mm pupil diameter).
- DCLVA with wfgSL was still 20/20 OD and OS. NCLVA with wfgSL was reduced to 20/40 OD and 20/60 OS.
- HORMS with wfgSL was 0.34 μm OD and 0.21 μm OS, an increase of 18% OD, and a decrease/improvement of 51% OS compared to tSL.
- DCLVA and NCLVA with wfgedofSL was 20/20 OD and OS.
- HORMS with wfgedofSL was 0.81 μm OD and 0.61 μm OS. The increase in HORMS from the wfgSL to the wfgedofSL is expected due to the nature of the EDOF correction.
- The patient reported the wfgedofSL met his visual expectations at all distances.

Conclusions

- When compared to tSL, the wfgedofSL improved visual performance at all distances and optimized HORMS.
- Future larger prospective studies are required to corroborate this data.

References

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- Fernández J, Rodríguez-Vallejo M, Burguera N, Rocha-de-Lossada C, Piñero D. Spherical aberration for expanding depth of focus. *Journal of Cataract & Refractive Surgery*. 2021; 47 (12): 1587-1595. doi: 10.1097/j.jcrs.0000000000000713.

Disclosures

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