

Regional & Future Climate Considerations for Pistachio Production

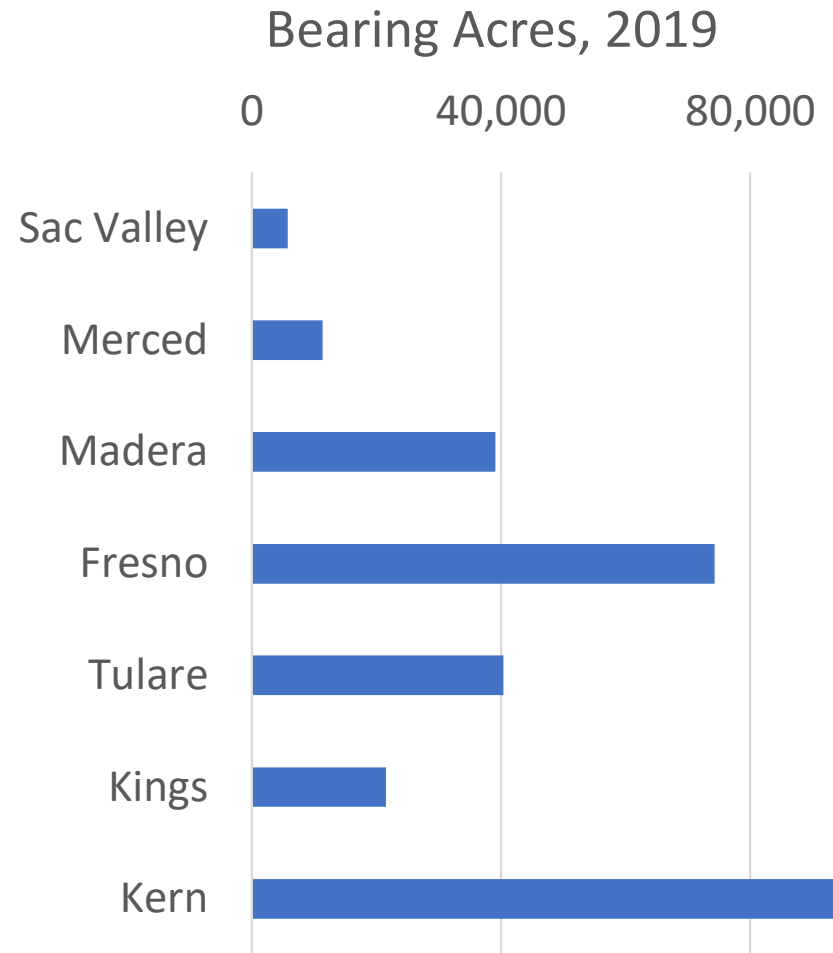
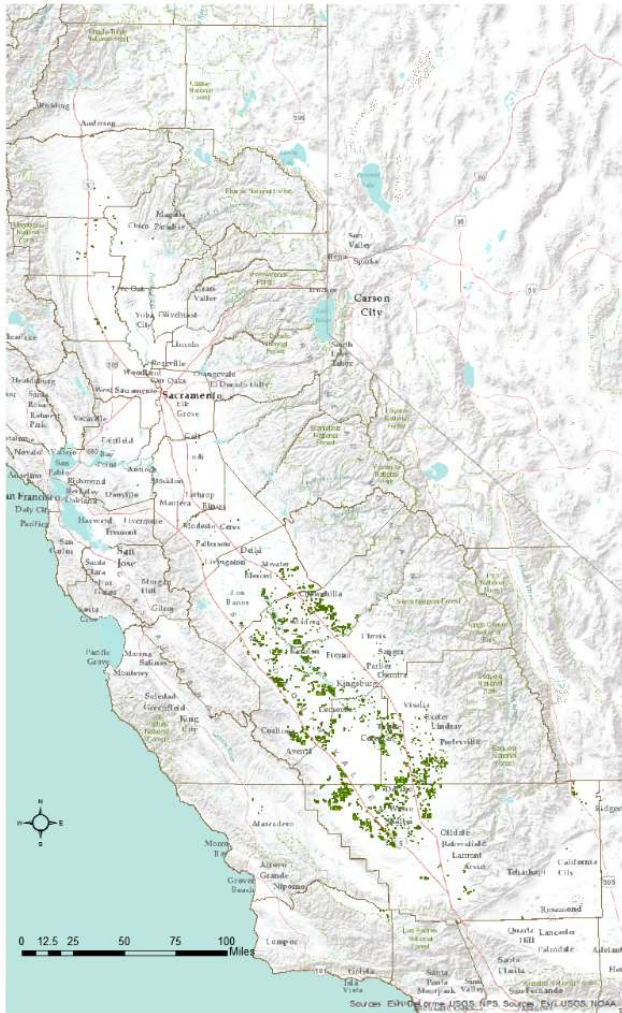
Kat Jarvis-Shean
UCCE Sacramento, Solano & Yolo Counties

UC Pistachio Day, 2024



- Current Production Areas
- Annual Climatic Considerations
- Orchard Lifetime Consideration
- Future Climate Considerations

Current Pistachio Geography

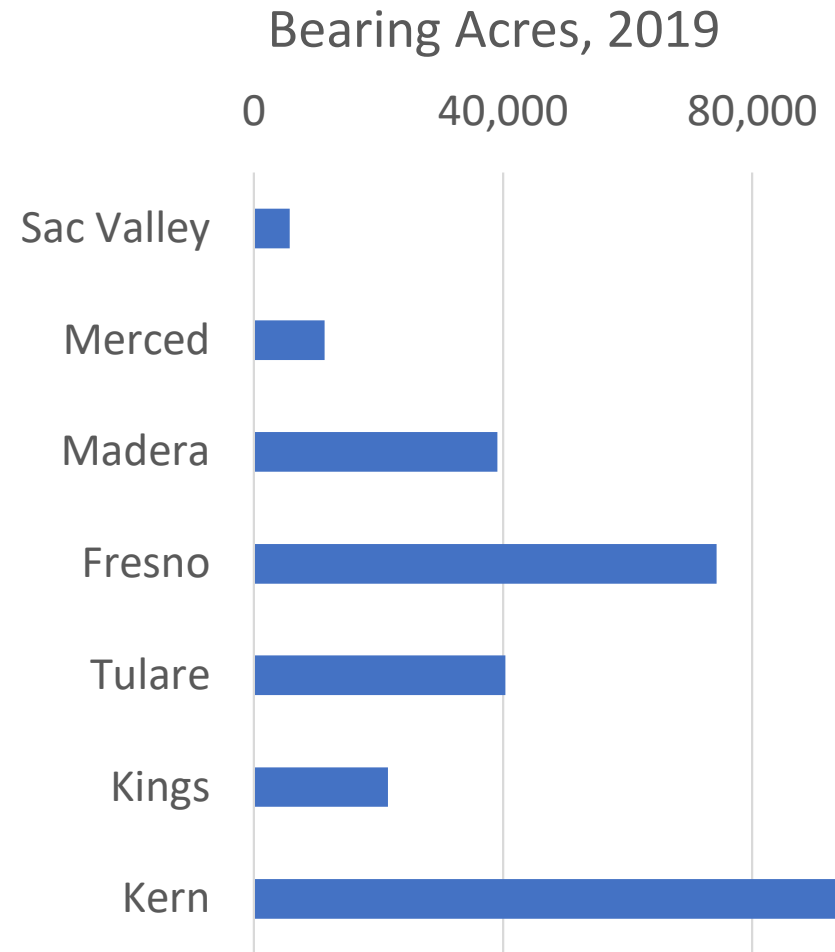
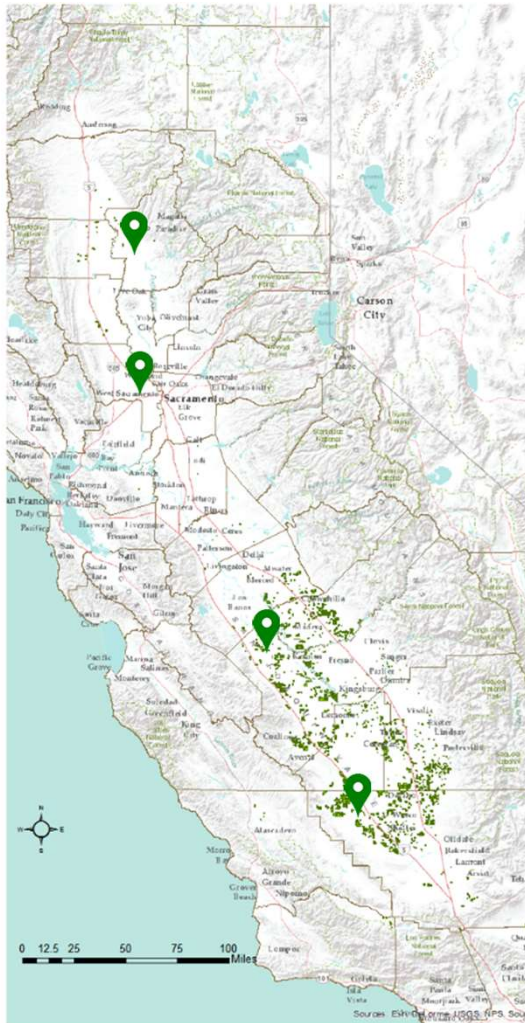


Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar



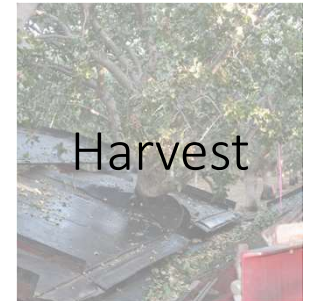
Photos: Jarvis-Shean, Ferguson, UC IPM

Current Pistachio Geography



Climate: In-Season Rains

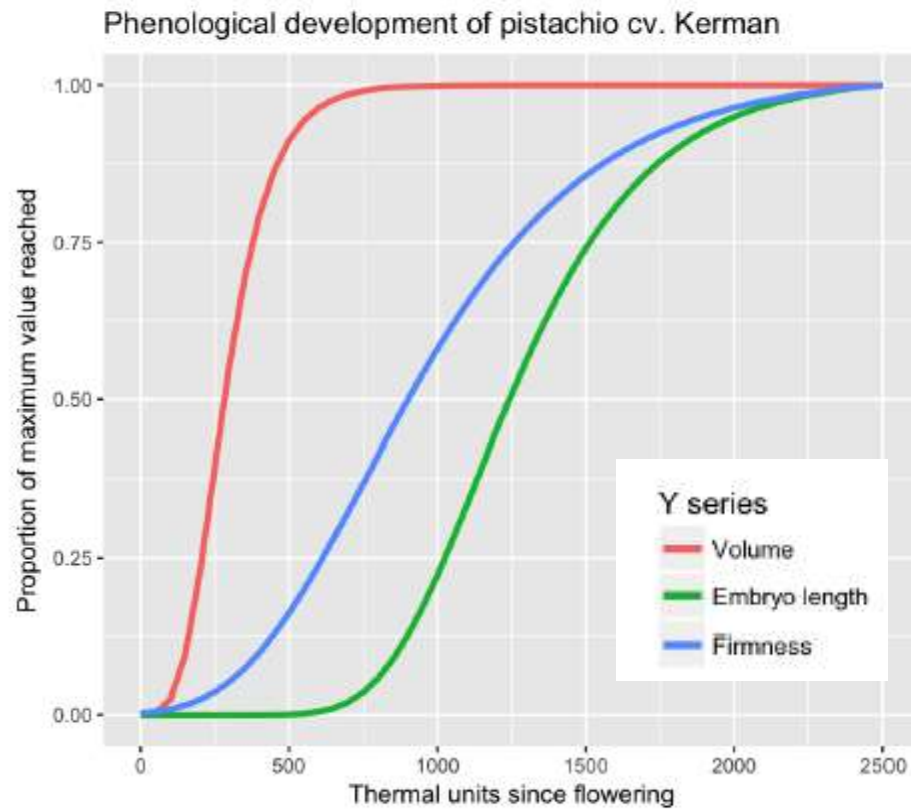
	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept
Durham	1.5	1.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1
Davis	1.2	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Firebaugh	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
Belridge	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0



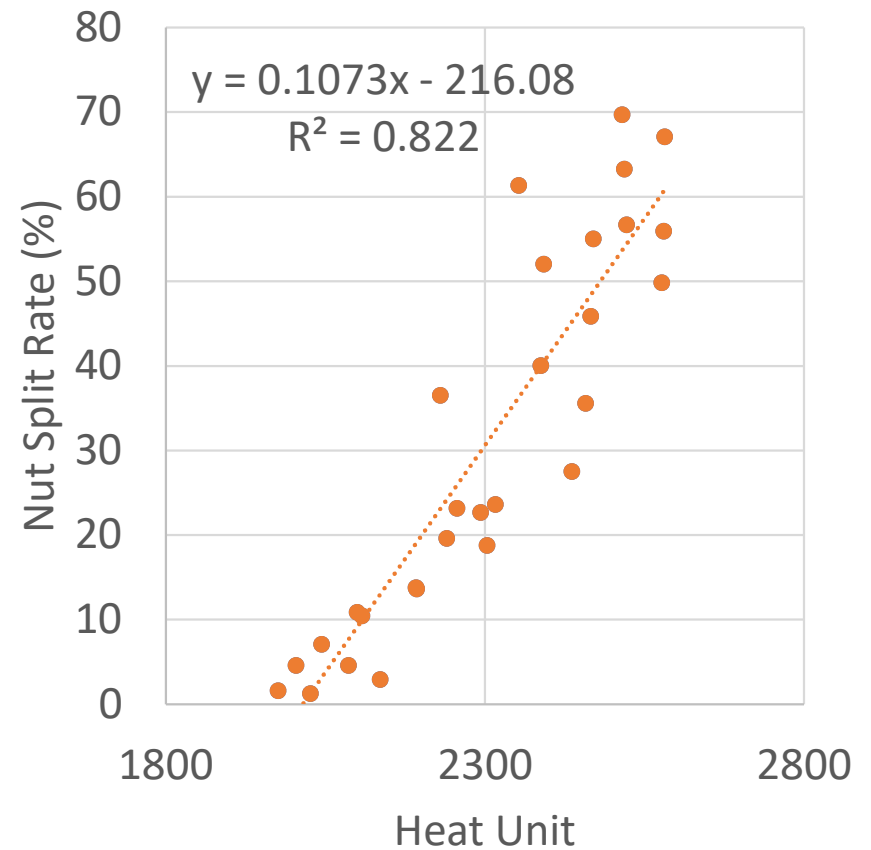
Climate: In-Season Heat

11/28/2017

PistachioGrowth17Nov2017



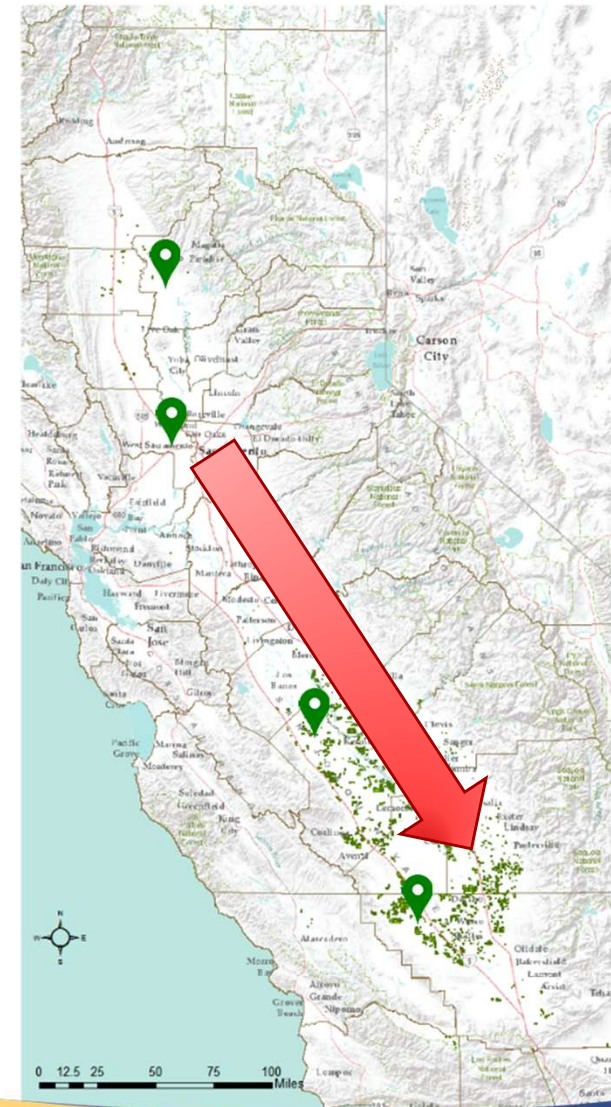
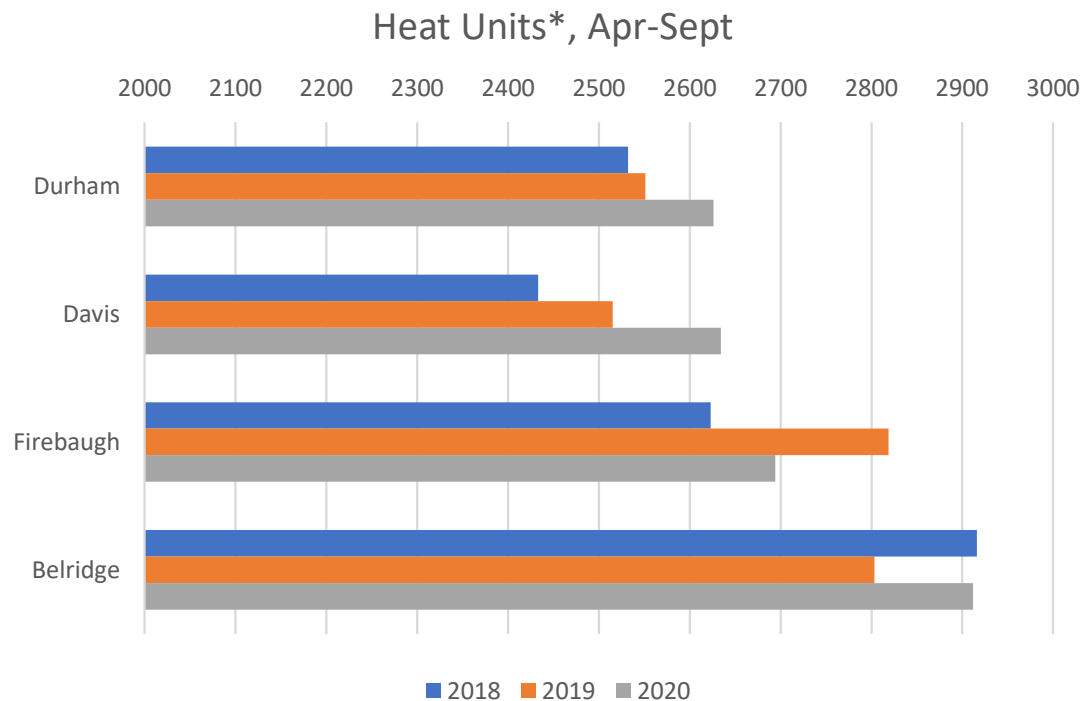
Nut Split and Heat Unit



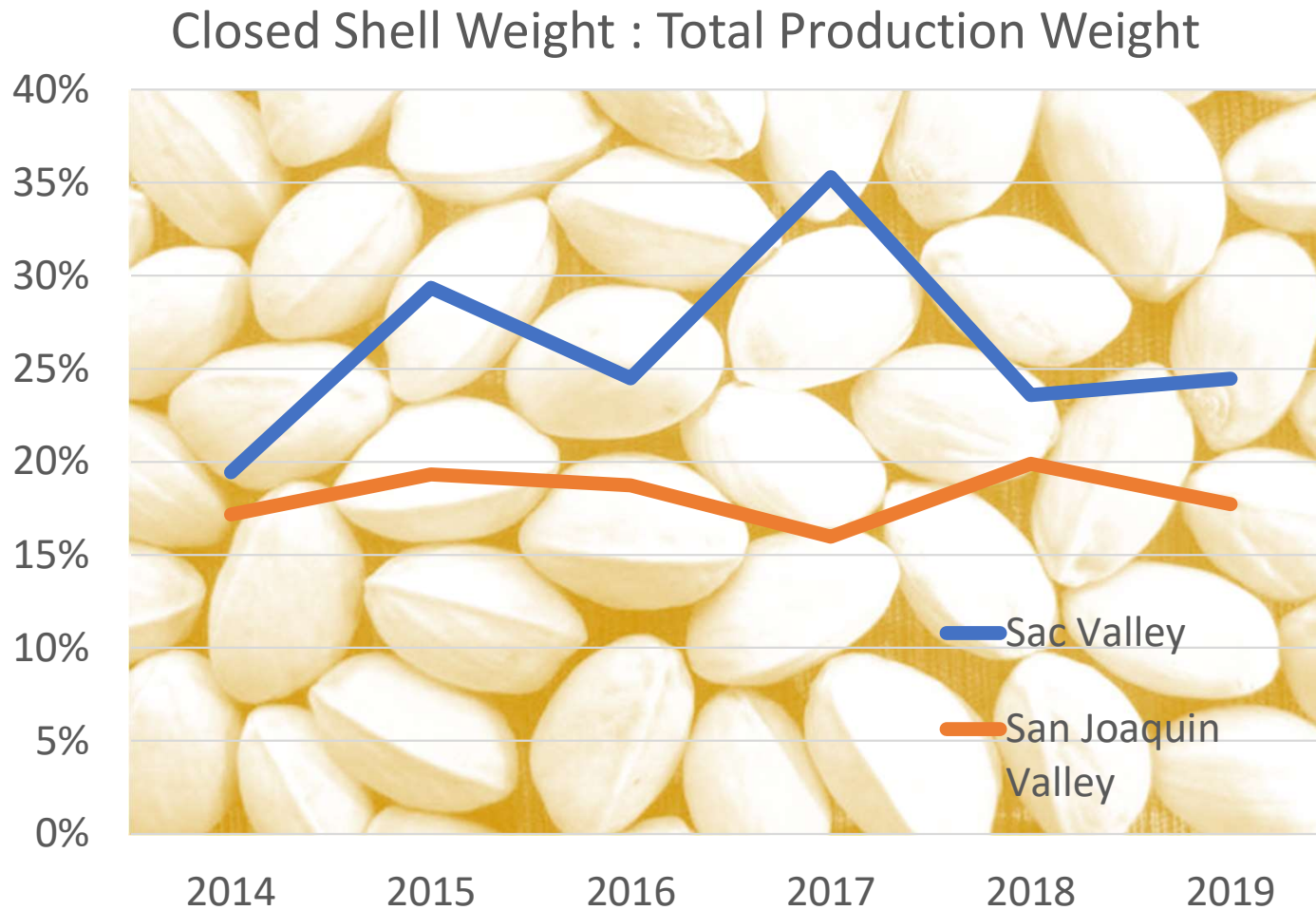
Climate: Heat Units

•Nut Maturation

- Delayed Development, Poor Split %
- ~2400 HU maximum kernel weight
- Above 2000 HU, 100 HU=1% splits

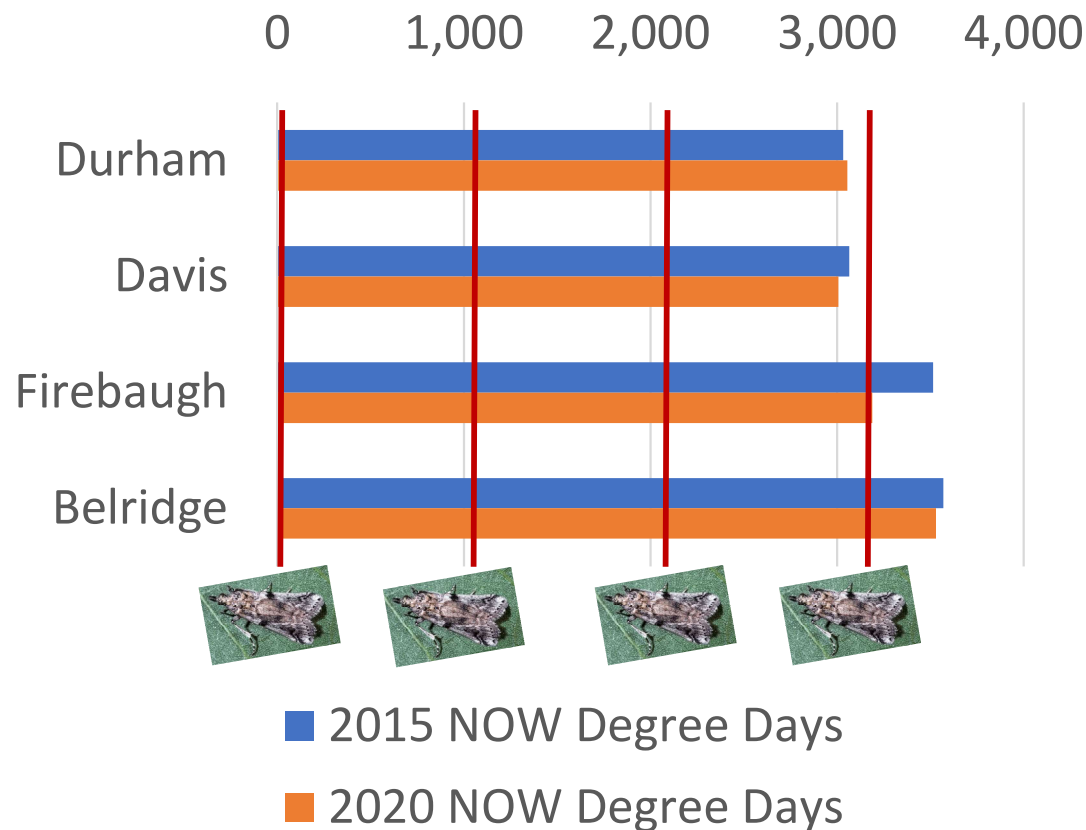


Climate: In-Season Heat



Climate: Navel Orangeworm & Heat

- Earlier Biofix, More Generations
- Ease of Sanitation



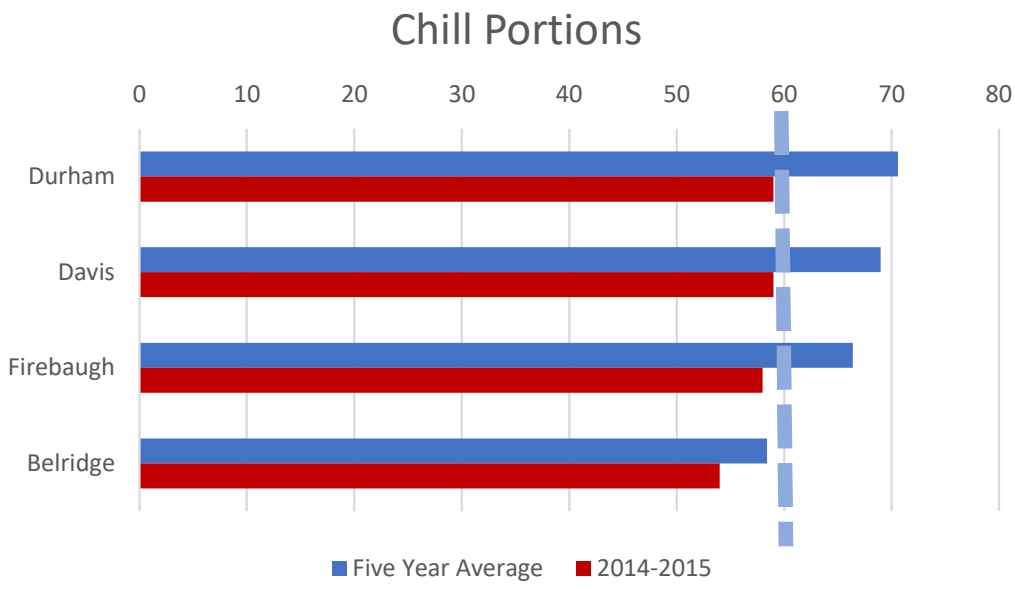
Climate: Winter Chill

- Impacts of Chill
 - Delayed bloom
 - Poor male overlap, increased blanks
 - Multiple shakes

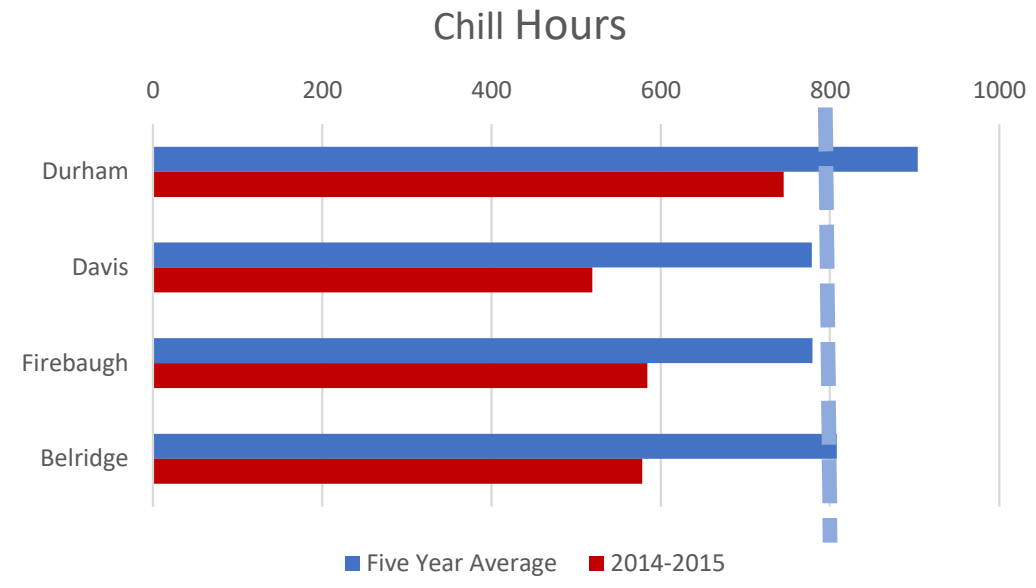
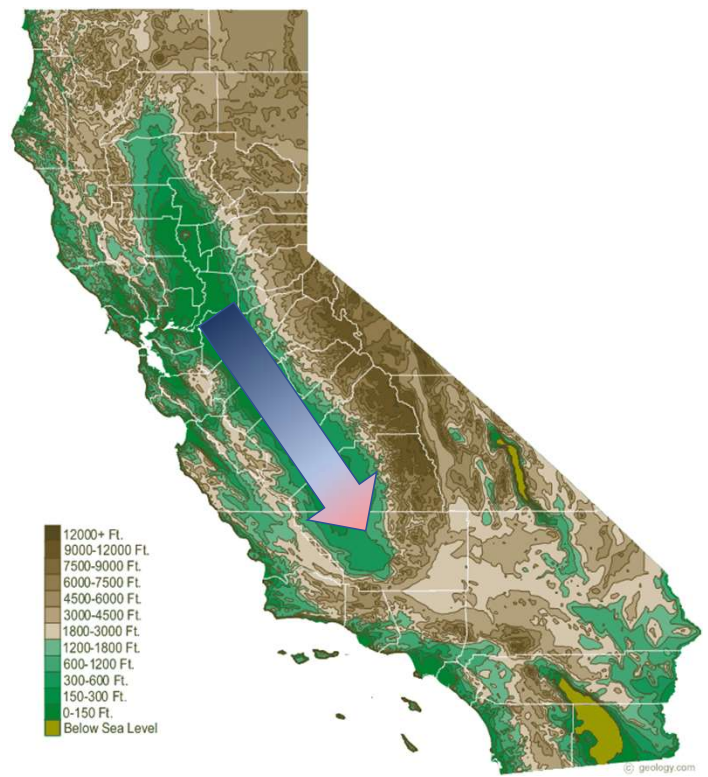


Scattered 'Kerman' bloom observed in 2014

Climate: Chill Accumulation

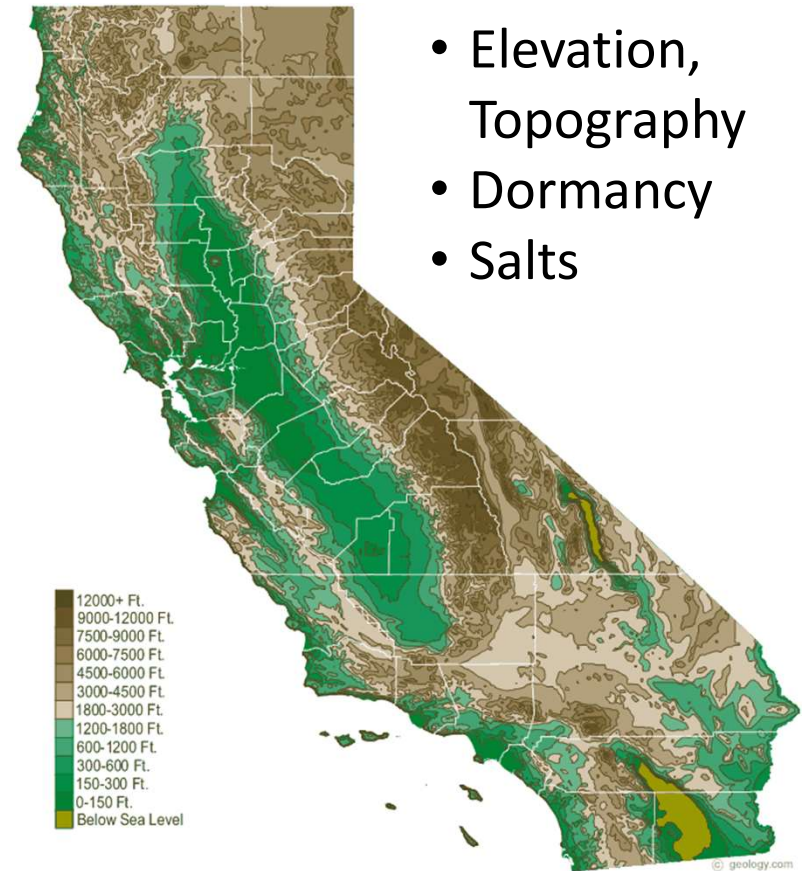


- Cultivar important, esp. males
- Fog helps chill



Climate: Freeze

Winter Juvenile Tree Dieback





- Current Production Areas
- Annual Climatic Considerations
- **Orchard Lifetime Consideration**
- Future Climate Considerations

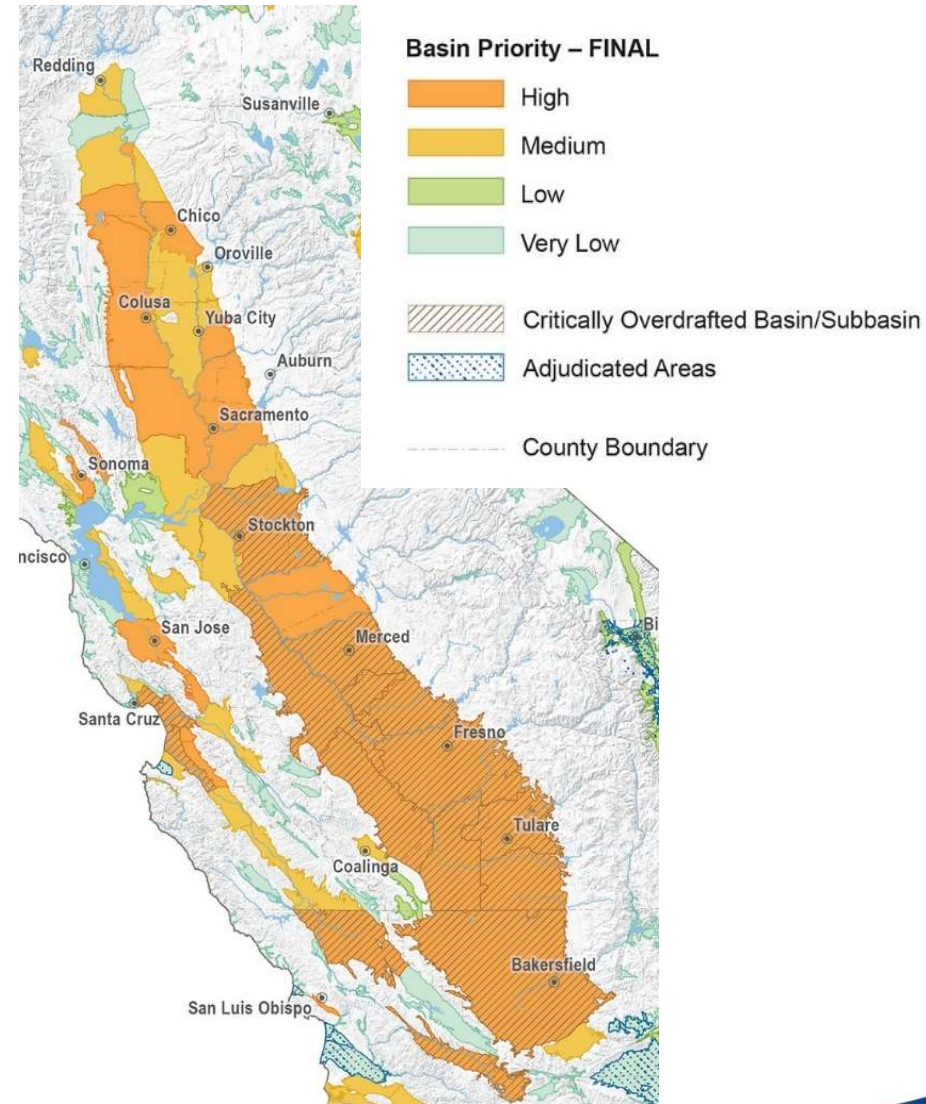
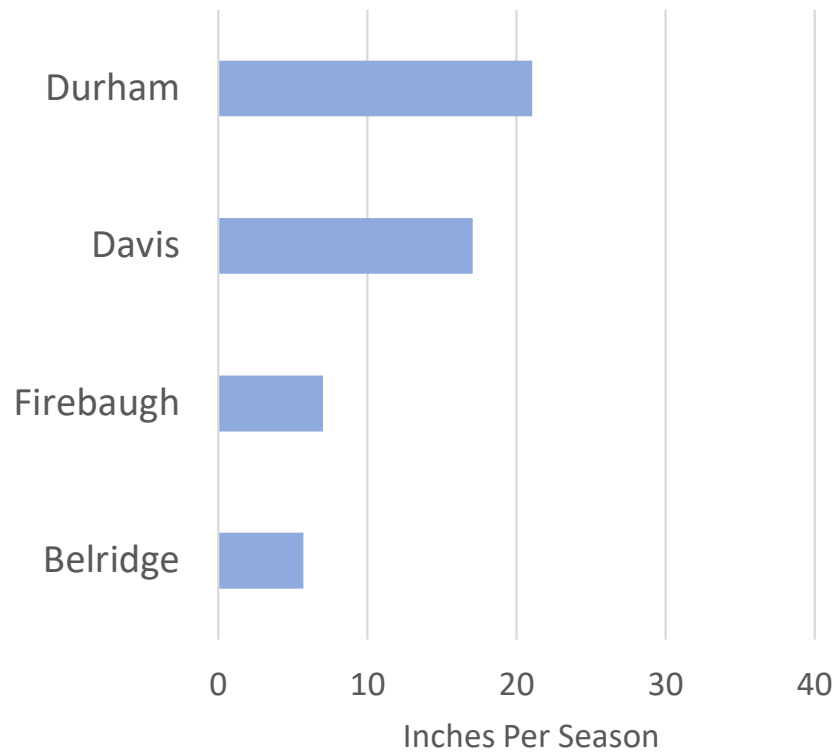
Water Quantity and Quality

- Varies across the state
 - 42” of water use for maximum production
 - Can get by on less, but affects yield
 - May need more if poor quality
- Source Issues
 - Groundwater
 - Surface Water



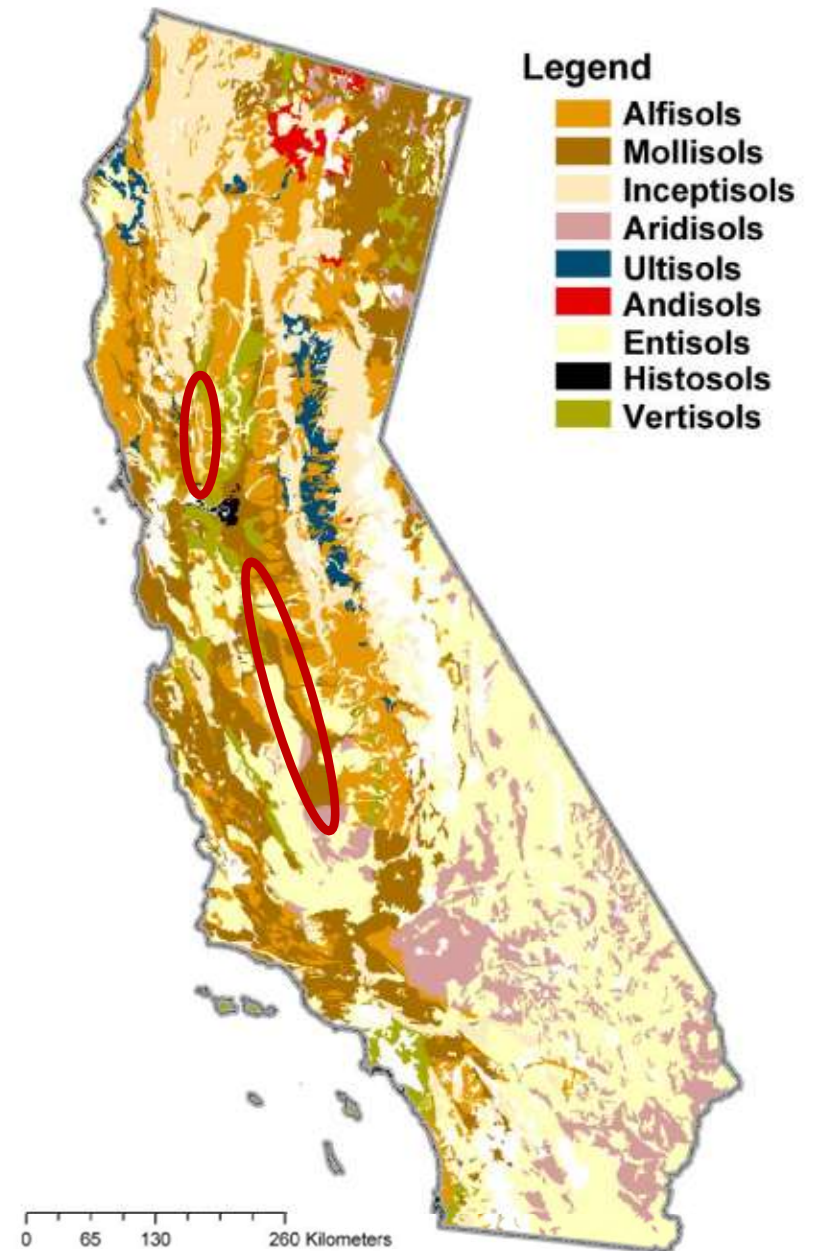
Water Quantity

Precipitation 2000-2019



Soil Quality

- Saturated or easily saturated soils
 - River bottoms
 - High water table (quality and quantity)
- Saline, Alkaline soils
 - Toxicity of sodium, chloride, and boron





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Changing Conditions?

Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar



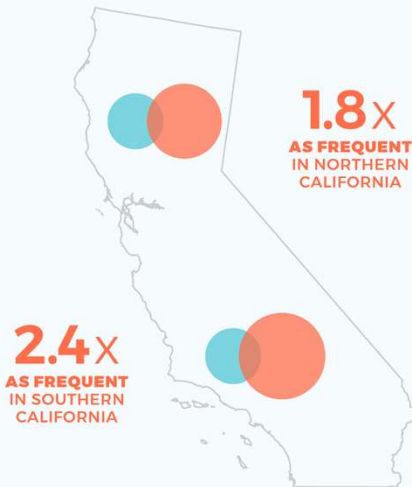
Changing Precipitation

Extreme Dry Years

Low November–March precipitation totals for these years resemble 2013–14 or 1976–77, the driest year in modern California history.

FREQUENCY
1895–2017 $\frac{1}{100}$ YEARS

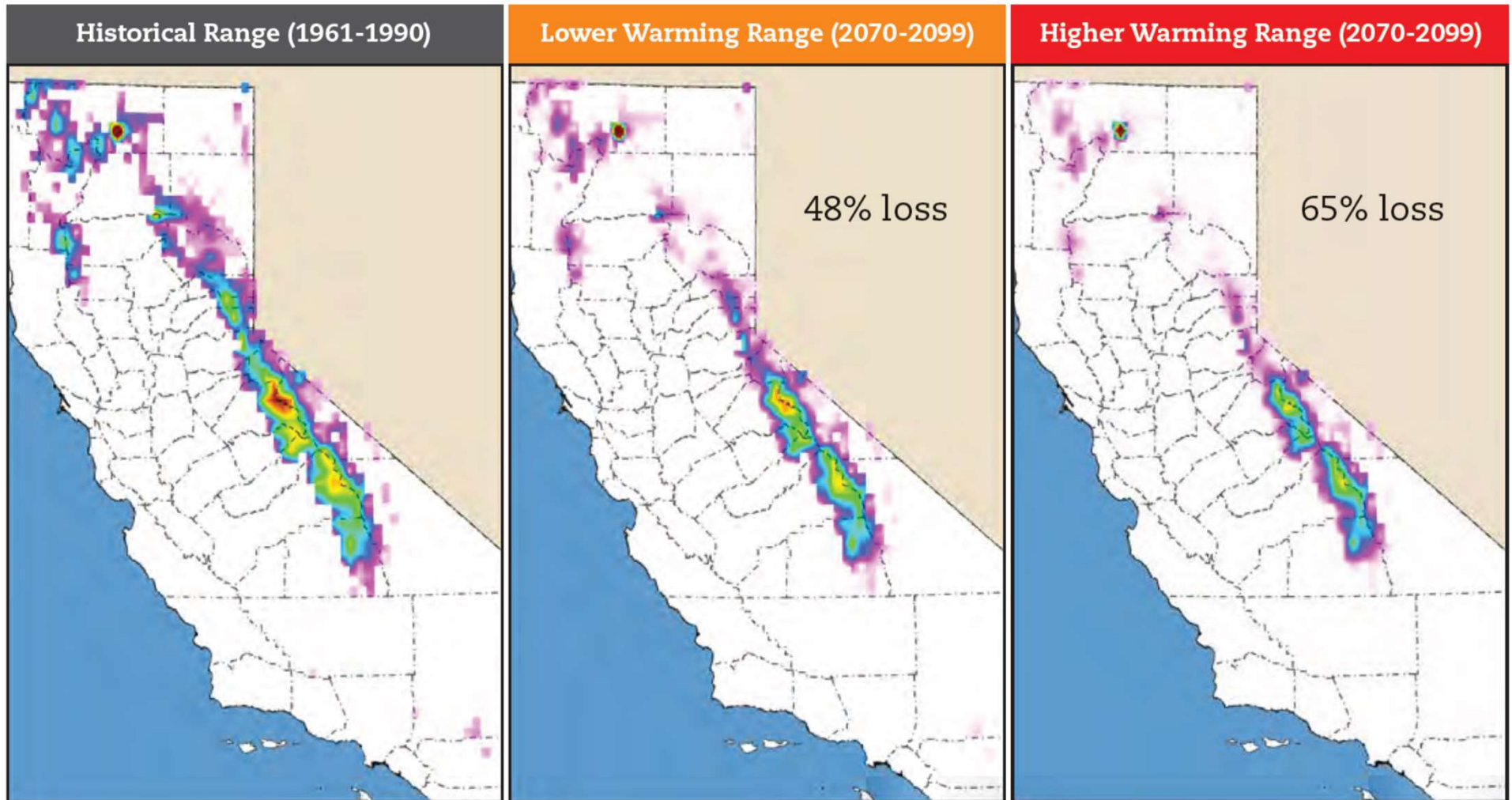
FUTURE RISK BY 2100



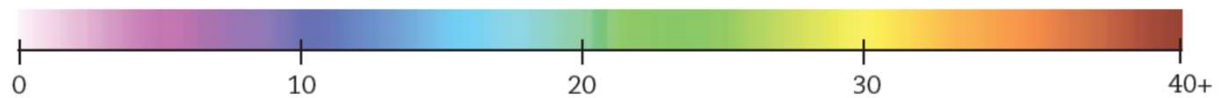
Prepared for both feast & famine, water-wise. Drought resilient & resilient to saturated soils.

University of California

Increase Temps → Decrease Snowpack

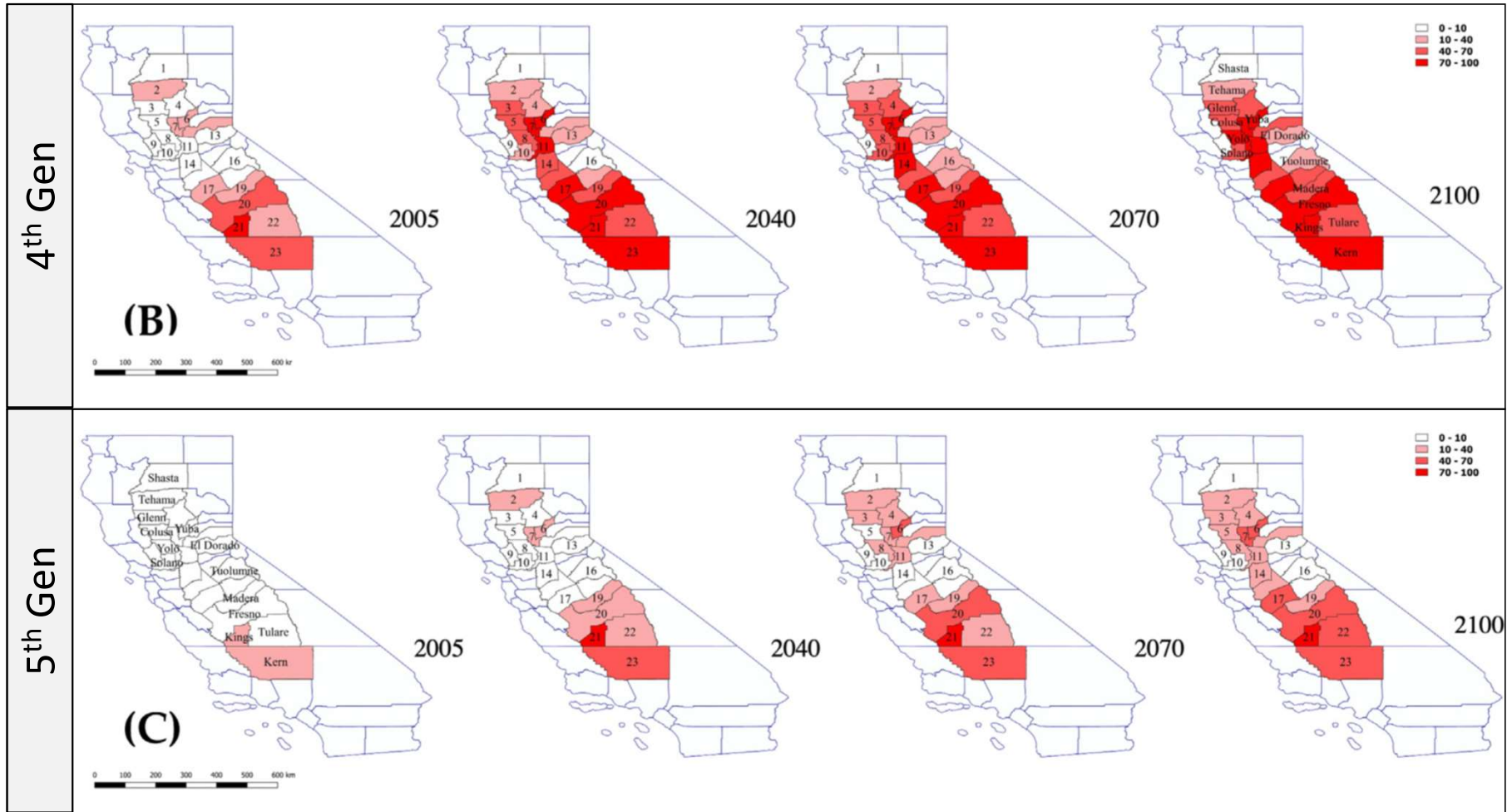


April 1 Snow Water Content in inches:



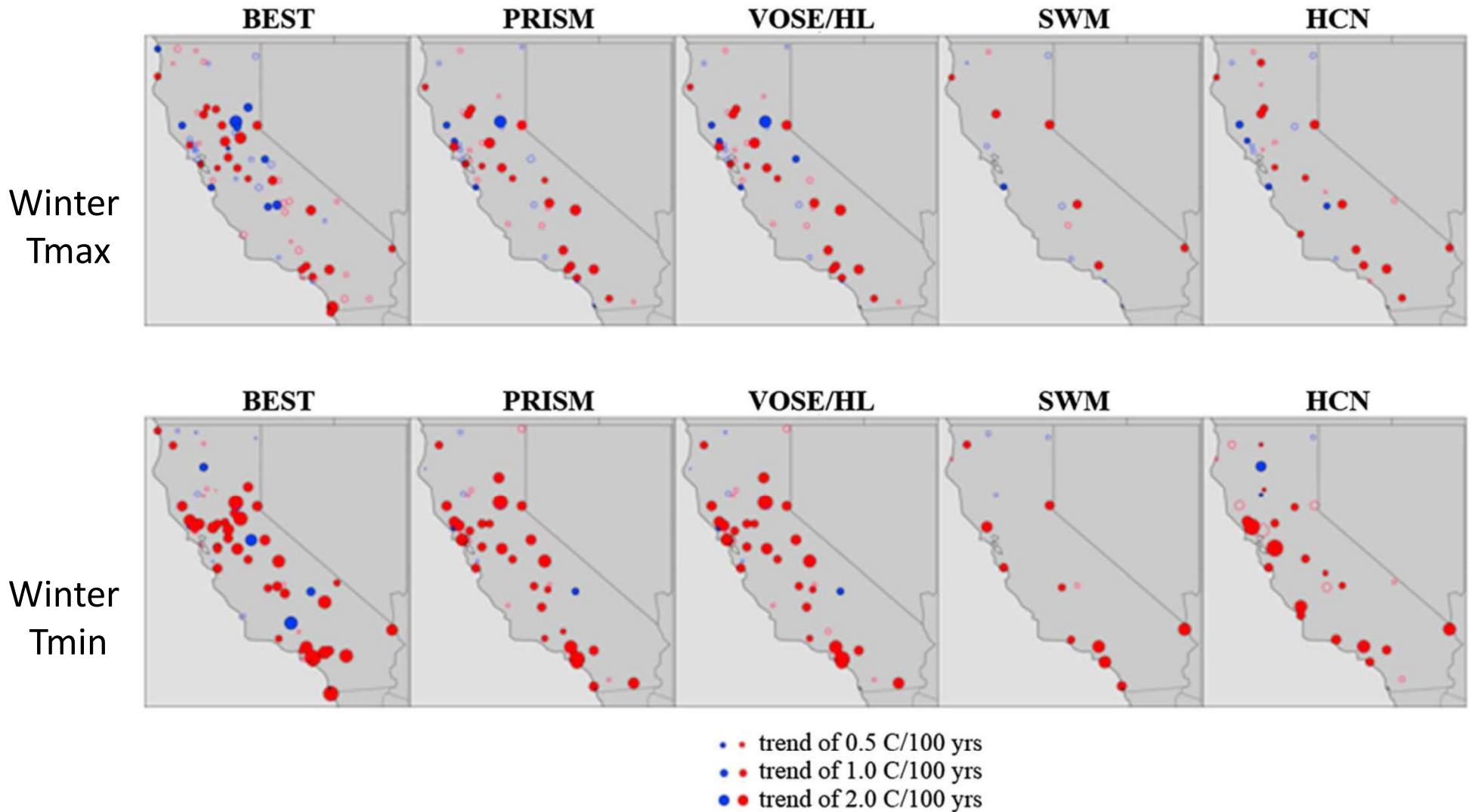
Crop, soil management, irrigation & water infrastructure for water stress resilience.

↑ Heat → ↑ NOW Generations

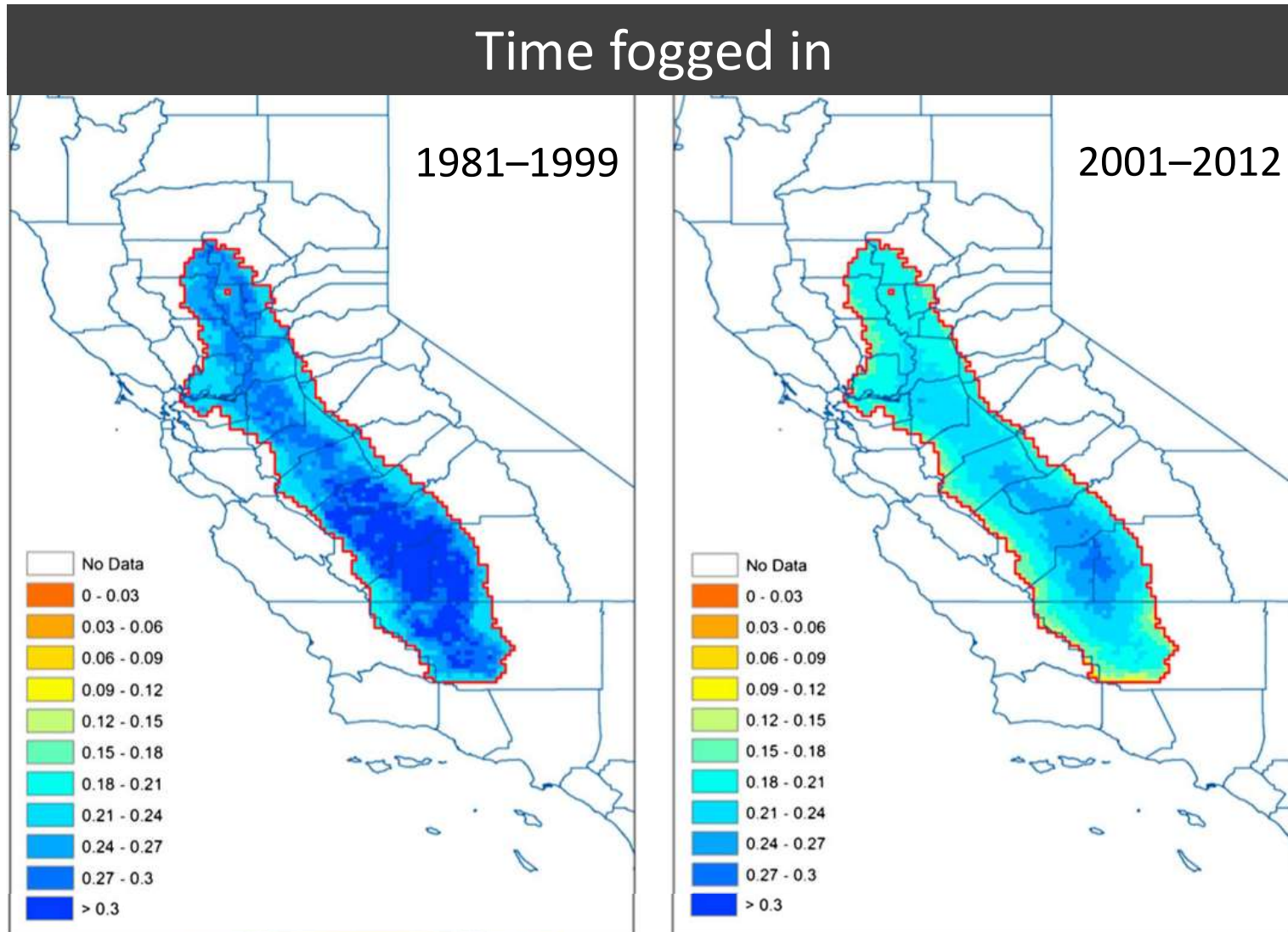


Percent of years in which 4th (B) or 5th (C) generation occurred. Dark = More frequent. Middle of the road warming scenario (RCP 4.5)

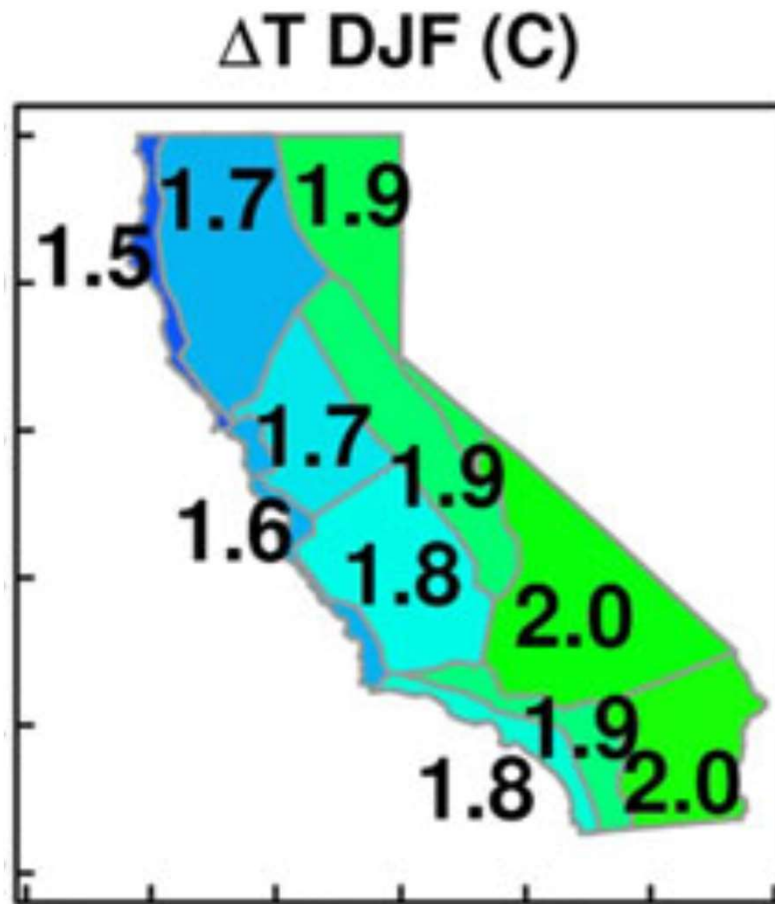
Winters have been getting warmer



...And less foggy



Expect continued winter warming...



From 1980s to 2060s

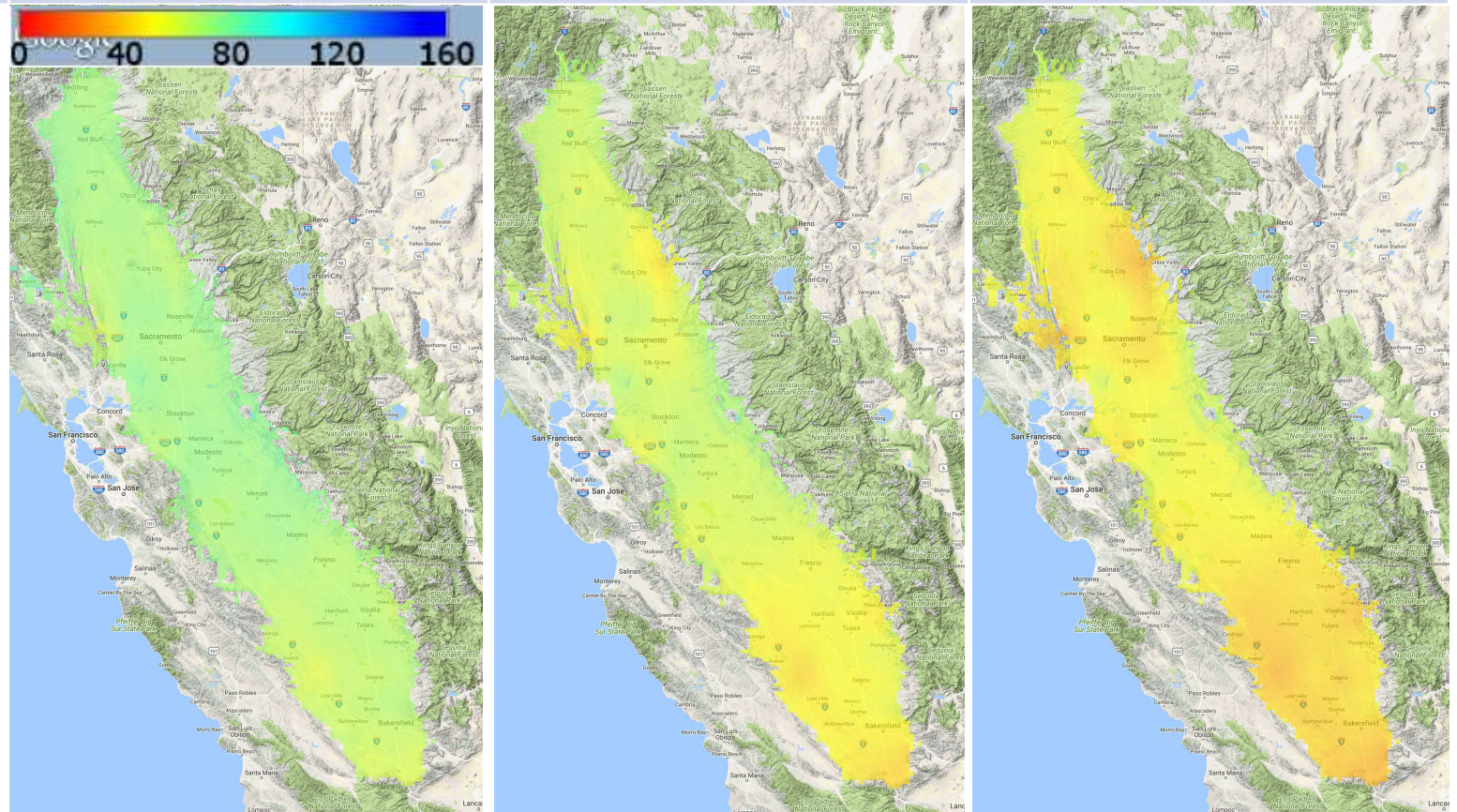
- Sac Valley: $\uparrow 3.1^{\circ}$ F
- San Joaquin Valley: $\uparrow 3.2^{\circ}$ F

But continued variability

- Still some cold winters, and winters that we now consider average.
- But more “low chill” winters **AND** lower chill winters than before.

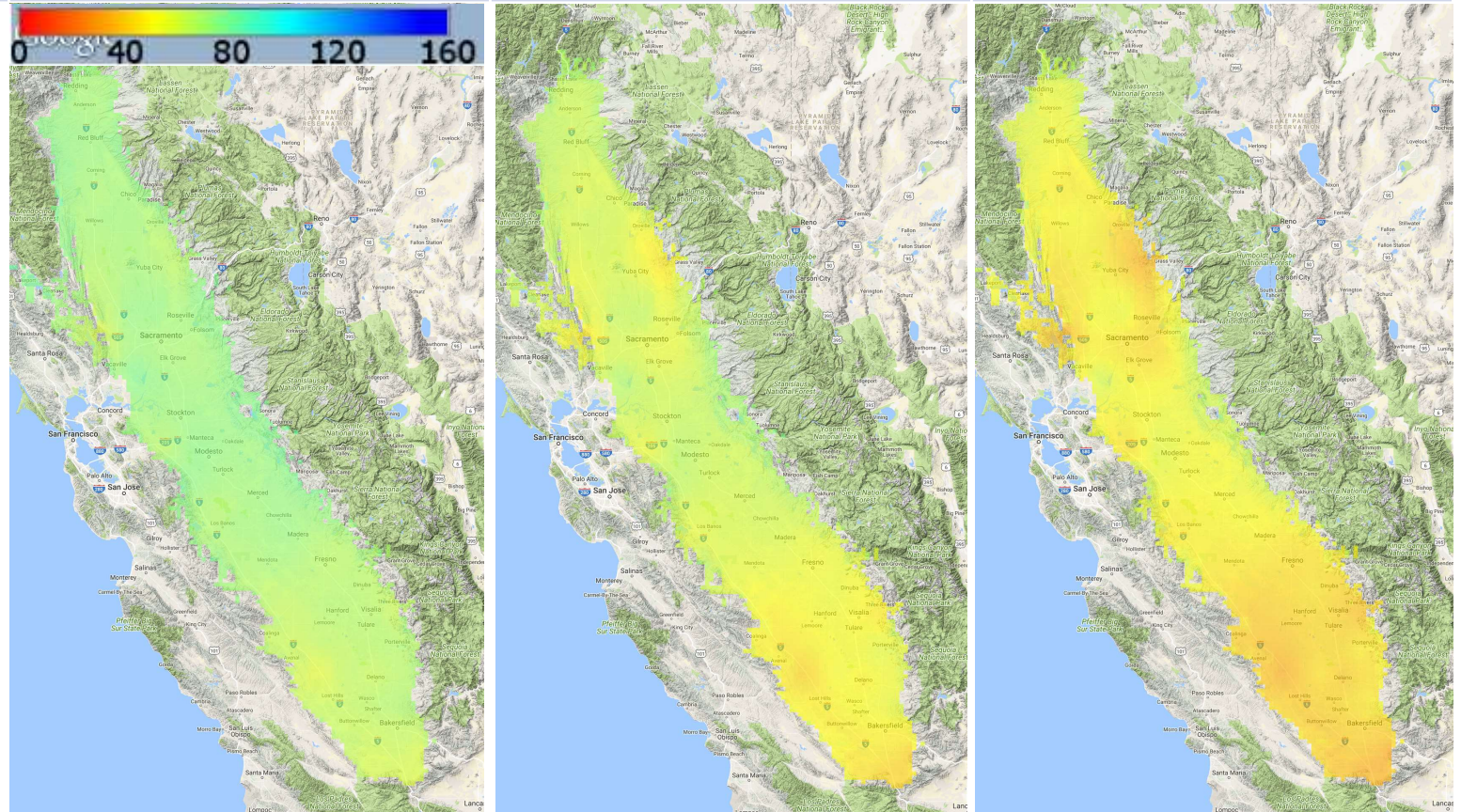
Chill Projections for 9/10 years

	Turn of the Century	Mid 21 st Century	End 21 st Century
Sac Valley	70	59 (↓ 16%)	49 (↓ 30%)
N. San Joaquin	71	61 (↓ 14%)	51 (↓ 28%)
S. San Joaquin	64	51 (↓ 20%)	42 (↓ 34%)



If Kerman needs 55-60 chill portions...

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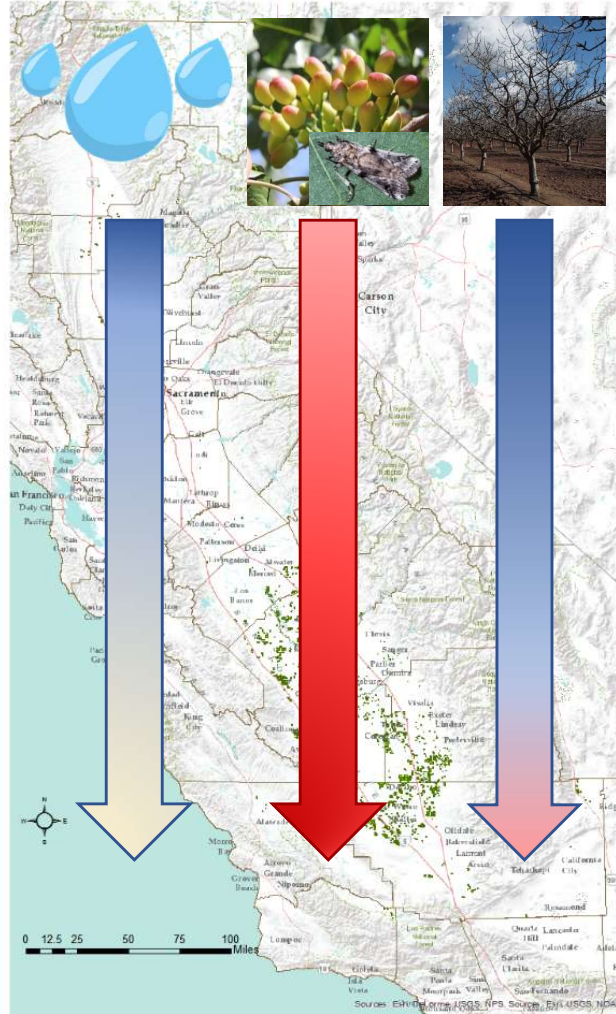


Dormancy breaking products *can potentially* compensate 10-20% chill

- Kaolin clay, calcium carbonate - Decreases bud, shoot heat (Doll, Culumber)
- Dormant/Horticultural Oil – Increased, earlier budbreak (Beede, Ferguson)
- Hydrogen Cyanamide – Increased, earlier budbreak. Dormex is now labeled for pistachio use
- New research on the physiology of dormancy (Dr. Z)

Regional Conclusions for The Future

- No perfect site
- Management of many of these issues is possible
- For heat, chill, water & soil, early decisions are key
- Decisions must be made on current and future conditions



Plan for...

- *Great water challenges*
 - *Too much*
 - *Too little*
 - *Poor quality*
- *More insect pressure*
- *Lower chill*